

CLAIMS:

1. A luminaire comprising:
 a light-directing element having a light emission window,
 said light-directing element having a shape for directing light, which light
 originates from an electric light source to be accommodated, into an optical fiber system,
 5 characterized in that said shape is calculated in accordance with a ray-tracing
 algorithm which takes into account that said light source to be accommodated is voluminous.

2. A luminaire according to claim 1, characterized in that said shape is composed
 of n solids of revolution of parabolic sectors, wherein adjoining parabolic sectors form an
 10 integral surface.

3. A luminaire according to claim 2, characterized in that the parabolic sectors
 are parts of parabola defined by the following set of equations:

$$a(i) = (z(i) - z(i + 1)) / (x(i)^2 - x(i+1)^2)$$

$$15 \quad b(i) = a(i)$$

$$c(i) = (x(i)^2 * z(i + 1)) - ((x(i + 1)^2 * z(i)) / (x(i)^2 - x(i + 1)^2)$$

wherein:

a(i), b(i) and c(i) are polynomial coefficients of the parabolic sectors
 such that coordinates of each point of the reflective surface fulfill the condition:

$$20 \quad a(i)*x^2 + b(i)*y^2 - z + c(i) = 0;$$

x, y, z are coordinates of the i^{th} surface of revolution of the parabola in a linear x, y, z tri-
 coordinate system;

the coordinates x(i), z(i), x(i+1), z(i+1) are limits of the i^{th} parabolic sector in
 a plane xz;

25 i is an integer from 1 to n.

4. A luminaire according to claim 1, 2 or 3, characterized in that the light-
 directing element is chosen from the group consisting of a reflector, a refractor, and a
 combination thereof.

5. A luminaire according to claim 1, 2, 3, or 4, characterized in that the light source is an electric lamp.

5 6. A luminaire according to claim 5, characterized in that the electric lamp is a Light Emitting Diode.

7. A luminaire according to any one of the preceding claims, characterized in that the optical fiber system comprises a bundle of optical fibers.

10

8. A luminaire according to claim 7, characterized in that a glass rod is positioned at an end of the optical fiber.

9. A dynamic road-marking unit comprising a luminaire according to any one of
15 the preceding claims.

10. A dynamic road-marking unit according to claim 9, characterized in that the luminaire has a shaped housing adapted to fit a saw-cut recess for accommodating the unit.